Food and Nutrition Service, USDA

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: By Amdt. 397, 70 FR 72354, Dec. 5, 2005, §274.10 was amended by revising paragraphs (f)(1), (2) and (3), effective January 4, 2006. For the convenience of the user, the revised text is set forth as follows:

§ 274.10 Use of identification cards and redemption of coupons by eligible households.

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(f) * * *

- (1) Members of eligible households who are narcotics addicts or alcoholics and who regularly participate in a drug or alcoholic treatment rehabilitation program may use food stamp benefits to purchase food prepared for them during the course of such program by a private nonprofit organization or institution or publicly operated community mental health center which is authorized by FNS to redeem benefits in accordance with §278.1 and §278.2(g) of this chapter.
- (2) Eligible residents of a group living arrangement may use food stamp benefits issued to them to purchase meals prepared especially for them at a group living arrangement which is authorized by FNS to redeem benefits in accordance with §278.1 and §278.2(g) of this chapter.
- (3) Residents of shelters for battered women and children as defined in §278.1(g) of this chapter may use their food stamp benefits to purchase meals prepared especially for them at a shelter which is authorized by FNS to redeem benefits in accordance with §278.1 and §278.2(g) of this chapter.

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§ 274.11 Issuance and inventory record retention, and forms security.

- (a) Availability of records. The State agency shall maintain issuance, inventory, reconciliation, and other accountability records for a period of three years as specified in §272.1(f) of this chapter. This period may be extended at the written request of FNS.
- (1) Issuance, inventory, reconciliation, and other accountability records shall include all Agency, State, and local forms involved in the State agency's receipt, storage, handling, issuance, and destruction of coupons completed by contract agents or any other individuals or entities involved in issuance or inventory, as well as those completed by the State agency.
- (2) In lieu of the records themselves, easily retrievable microfilm, microfiche, or computer tapes which contain

the required information may be maintained.

- (b) Control of issuance documents. The State agency shall control all issuance documents which establish household eligibility while the documents are transferred and processed within the State agency. The State agency shall use numbers, batching, inventory control logs, or similar controls from the point of initial receipt through the issuance and reconciliation process. The State agency shall also ensure the security and control of authorization documents in transit from the manufacturer to the State agency.
- (c) Accountable documents. (1) HIR cards, authorization documents, and mandated Photo ID cards shall be considered accountable documents. The State agency shall provide the following minimum security and control procedures for these documents:
 - (i) Preprinted serial numbers;
 - (ii) Secure storage;
- (iii) Access limited to authorized personnel:
 - (iv) Bulk inventory control records;
- (v) Subsequent control records maintained through the point of issuance or use, and
- (vi) Periodic review and validation of inventory controls and records by parties not otherwise involved in maintaining control records.
- (2) For notices of change which initiate, update or terminate the master issuance file, and blank ID cards, the State agency shall, at a minimum, provide secure storage and shall limit access to authorized personnel.

[54 FR 7004, Feb. 15, 1989, as amended at 60 FR 20183, Apr. 25, 1995]

§ 274.12 Electronic Benefit Transfer issuance system approval standards.

(a) General. This section establishes rules for the approval, implementation and operation of Electronic Benefit Transfer (EBT) systems for the Food Stamp Program as an alternative to issuing food stamp coupons. By October 1, 2002, State agencies must have EBT systems implemented statewide, unless the Secretary provides a waiver for a State agency that faces unusual barriers to implementing an EBT system. In general, these rules apply to